Canadian edition



Uncover and quantify hospital-acquired pneumonia (HAP)

#4 HAI

hospital-acquired infection in Canada¹

\$46,000_{CAD} estimated cost per case²

Oral care is the **missed practice** from the patients' perspective³

Understand your current practice⁴

A basic oral care practice assessment helps uncover gaps

For example:

- Non-ventilator oral care protocol
- Current product usage
- Logistical gaps
- Product and education needs

47%

of 4,856 patients did **not use or have access** to a toothbrush

Understand toothbrush usage4

Toothbrush testing highlights a need for replacement protocol and bacterial colonization rates

A third party laboratory tests toothbrushes for five bacterial strains:

- MRSA
- S. Auerus
- Enterococcus
- VRE
- Gram-negatives

49%

of 1,086 toothbrushes were contaminated

Quantified patient and financial impact

Partner with Sage to determine impact

Obtain one year's diagnosis (1-10), present on admission data, age, length of stay (LOS), and discharge path for all patients.

Example of data set needed:

Patient	Age	LOS	Discharge	Diagnosis_1	POA_1
A	60	4	Hospice	J18.9	Yes
В	40	15	Expired	J18.9	No
С	80	7	Home	J18.9	Yes

CustomerOne mines data for ICD-10 codes associated with pneumonia or sepsis that developed 48 hours after admission.

Findings to include:

- Number of non-ventilator HAPs
- Sepsis correlation to non-ventilator HAPs
- Discharge path (Hospice, Expired, Home)
- Mortality rate
- Average length of stay
- Average age
- Cost

Continuum of care: HAP reduction initiative



One Canadian hospital's findings in one year:2

75% In HAP cases

65%1
in length of stay when a patient developed HAP

All hospital patients are at risk⁵

Address the risk factors associated with pneumonia throughout the **continuum of care:**



References: 1. Kelvens RM, Edwards JR, Richards CL, et al. Estimating health care-associated infections and deaths in U.S. hospitals, 2002. Public Health Reports. 2007; 122(2): 160-166.
2. Robertson T, Carter D. Oral Intensity: Reducing non-ventilator-associated hospital-acquired pneumonia in care-dependent, neurologically impaired patients. Canadian Journal of Neurological Sciences. 2013; 35(2): 7-10. 3. Kalisch BJ. Errors of Omission: How Missed Nursing Care Imperils Patients. Silver Spring, MD: American Nurses Association; 2016. 4. Data on file., Sage Products. Labaratory testing conducted by Advanced Testing Laboratory. 5. Baker D, Ouinn B. Hospital Acquired Pneumonia Prevention Initiative-2: Incidence of nonventilator hospital-acquired pneumonia in the United States. American Journal of Infection Control. 2017;46(1):2-7.